COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Agricultural Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Biosystems & Agricultural Engineering			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	BAE_320 SEMESTER 3 RD			
COURSE TITLE	STATISTICS			
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
Lectures		3		
Tutorials		2		
Laboratory		0		
TOTAL		5	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Background General Knowledge Skills development There are no prerequisite courses.			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	GreekFor Erasmus students in English			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

At the end of this course the student should know the basic principles of probability theory and statistics. It should also be able to apply these principles to problems relating to environmental applications.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

At the end of this course the student will have further developed the following skills:

- 1. Ability to understand the basic concepts and methods.
- 2. Ability to apply them.
- 3. Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies
- 4. Decision making
- 5. Autonomous work

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1. Introduction to statistical science and methodology.
- 2. Probabilities / Distributions. The normal distribution
- 3. How do I find out if a set of measurements follows the normal distribution?
- 4. Statistical tests I: t-student distribution, t-test for a population
- 5. Statistical tests II: Comparison of two populations [Independent samples t-test]
- 6. Statistical tests III: t-test for dependent samples [Paired samples t-test.
- 7. Statistical tests IV: One-Way ANOVA [One-Way ANOVA]
- 8. Linear regression (+ laboratory).
- 9. Applications of Statistics I in Biosystems (+ laboratory).
- 10,11,12. Applications of Statistics II in Agriculture (+ laboratory).
- 13 Summary

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face teaching, Experiential activities, Laboratory		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	training		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT (power point) in Teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT (power point) in Laboratory Training		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	 Use of ICT in Communication with students (Learning 		
communication with students	process support through the electronic platform e-class).		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	39	
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	UNGUIDED STUDY	46	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Study hours. Literature	40	
	survey'EXAMS		
	Course total	125	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
ELC.			
The student's study hours for each learning			

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

ECTS

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, openended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

directed study according to the principles of the

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- 1. The main assessment criteria focus on understanding and correlating the knowledge that students gain from the course with other knowledge. Particular emphasis is placed on whether they have developed the ability to apply this knowledge to crop selection and to assess the impact of these changes on the environment. Emphasis is also placed on demonstrating critical ability and justifying the choices they make in each problem.
- 2. Evaluation is dynamic. It mainly involves problem solving. is done orally or in writing or with a combination of the two, with or without pre-examination on the basic principles of the course, with or without exculpatory advances and with

other test or inventive methods, depending on the composition of the dynamics and the needs of the audience. 3. The above are done in the Greek language. For foreign
language students (eg Erasmus students) conducted in English

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Kolmogorov, A. N. (1956). Foundations of the Theory of Probability. Chelsey Publishing Company, New York.
- Κολυβά-Μαχαίρα, Φ. & Μπόρα-Σέντα, Ε. (2013). Στατιστική: Θεωρία και Εφαρμογές. Εκδόσεις
 Ζήτη, Θεσσαλονίκη.
- Κούτρας, Μ. (2004). Εισαγωγή στις Πιθανότητες, Θεωρία και Εφαρμογές, 2η Έκδοση, Μέρος Ι.
 Εκδόσεις Σταμούλη.
- Lehmann, E. L. (1983). Theory of Point Estimation. John Wiley and sons, Inc., New York.
- Rao, C. R. (2008). Linear Statistical Inference and its Applications, 2nd edition. Wiley Series on Probability and Statistics
- Snedecor, G. W. & Cochran, W. G. (1989). Statistical Methods, 8th edition.
 Ames, Iowa: Blackwell Publishing Professional.