COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL			
SCHOOL	School of Agricultural Sciences		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Biosystems & Agricultural Engineering		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate		
COURSE CODE	BAE_510 SEMESTER 5 th		
COURSE TITLE	PHYTOPATHOLOGY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectures	3	
	Tutorials	2	
	Laboratory 0		
TOTAL 5		5	
	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the		
	teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).		
COURSE TYPE	Scientific area background		
general background, special background, specialised			
general knowledge, skills			
development			
PREREQUISITE	There are no prerequisite courses.		
COURSES:			
LANGUAGE OF	GreekFor Erasmus students in English		
INSTRUCTION and			
EXAMINATIONS:			
IS THE COURSE	Yes		
OFFERED TO			
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE			
(URL)			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Consult Appendix A
 - Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
 - Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
 - Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

2 At completion of the course students will have acquired knowledge and familiarity on a theoretical and practical level with plant diseases, their causes, the biology of phytopathogenic microorganisms and their interaction with plants and the basic principles of disease management.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
technology	Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Decision-making	sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

In general, upon completion of this course the student will have further developed the following general skills (from the list above):

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies Adaptation to new situations Decision making Autonomous work Teamwork Respect for the natural environment Exercise criticism and self-criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

Lesson 1: Purpose, significance and historical background of Phytopathology Lesson 2: The Concept of Illness Lesson 3. Symptoms of Sick Plants Disorders and Deviations in growth, cell proliferation and morphogenesis of tissues and organs Disorders and Deviations in the appearance of the natural colors of leaves, tissues and organs Disorders due to availability problems and difficulties in water circulation Disorders and Deviations due to necrosis or sepsis of cells, tissues and organs Disorders due to abnormal secretions Drops of plant organs and tissues Lesson 4: Signs (Fungi - Bacteria - Viruses) Lesson 5: Basic Knowledge of Phytopathological Mycology Fungal and Oomycete Morphology Fungal and Oomycete Reproduction Classification of Fungi and Oomycetes The most important phytopathogenic genera and species of Fungi and Oomycetes Lesson 6: Basic Knowledge of Phytopathological Bacteriology - The most important phytopathogenic genera and species of Bacteria Lesson 7: Basic Knowledge of Phytoplasmas and Spirals Lesson 8: Basic Knowledge of Phytopathological Virology Virus Morphology Entry and Proliferation of viruses in host cells Virus Reproduction Virus Classification The most important phytopathogenic viruses Movement of viruses in plant cells Symptoms of Virological Diseases Transmission of Viruses Identification and Identification of Viruses Dealing with Viruses Lesson 9: Basic Knowledge of Plant Ioids Lesson 10: Phanerogama Plant Pests - Non-Parasitic Diseases Lesson 11: Plant Defense Mechanisms Lesson 12: Intrinsic Plant Immune System Lesson 13: The Tetrahedron of Disease - Principles and Methods of Treating Diseases Laboratory exercises: 1. Diseases due to Fungi 1.1. Ascomycetes 1.2. Basidiomycetes 1.3. Adilomycetes 2. Diseases due to Oomycetes 3. Diseases due to Bacteria 4. Diseases due to Viruses 5. Non-parasitic diseases

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face to face deliveries. *Face-to-face, Distance*

learning, etc.

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis	 Use of ICT (power point) in Teaching Use of ICT (power point) in Laboratory Training Use of ICT in Communication with students (Learning process support through the electronic platform e-class). Activity Semester workload Lectures 39 Tutorials 26 Final Exams 26 	
of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic	Study hours and preparation for tutorials and the final examination	44
creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	125
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students. 1	 The main assessment criteria focus on understanding and correlating the knowledge that students gain from the course with other knowledge. Particular emphasis is placed on whether they have developed the ability to apply this knowledge to crop selection and to assess the impact of these changes on the environment. Emphasis is also placed on demonstrating critical ability and justifying the choices they make in each problem. Evaluation is dynamic. It mainly involves problem solving. is done orally or in writing or with a combination of the two, with or without pre-examination on the basic principles of the course, with or without exculpatory advances and with other test or inventive methods, depending on the composition of the dynamics and the needs of the audience. The above are done in the Greek language. For foreign language students (eg Erasmus students) conducted in English 	

5. RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

-Προτεινόμενη Βιβλιογραφία :
 Θεωρία: Φυτοπαθολογία, Ελευθέριος Τζάμος, Εκδόσεις ΑΘ. ΣΤΑΜΟΥΛΗΣ, Αθήνα 2007
 Εργαστήριο: Εργαστηριακές Ασκήσεις Φυτοπαθολογίας, Συγγραφικής ομάδας μελών του ΕργαστηρίουΦυτοπαθολογίας,