#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### 1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	Agricultural Sciences		
ACADEMIC UNIT	BIOSYSTEMS& AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate		
COURSE CODE	BAE 902	-	
COURSE TITLE	DESIGN OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY		
INDEPENDEN	T TEACHING ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for sep	arate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, labora	tory exercises, etc. If the	TEACHING	CREDITS
credits are awarded for the v		HOURS	
the weekly teaching ho	ours and the total credits		
	Lectures	3	
	Tutorials	2	
	Laboratory	0	
	TOTAL	5	5
Add rows if necessary. The			
and the teaching methods use			
	at (d).		
COURSE TYPE	Specialised general knowledge,		
general background,	Skills Development		
special background,			
specialised general			
knowledge, skills			
development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses.		
LANGUAGE OF	GreekFor Erasmus students in English		
INSTRUCTION and			
EXAMINATIONS:			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.upatras.gr/courses/		

## 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

## Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course seeks to give the students of the Department of Agriculture specialized knowledge in the field of agricultural mechanization and agricultural machinery.

At the end of the course, the student will have acquired the following skills and abilities:

- 1. To recognize agricultural machines, their parts and their operation.
- 2. Will be able to adjust and utilize agricultural machinery to meet specific crop needs.
- 3. He will be able to calculate the cost of using agricultural machinery, calculating fixed and variable costs, as well as calculate the power to purchase new agricultural tractors.

### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of

data and

information, with the use of the

necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international

environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

At the end of this course the student will have further developed the following general skills:

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, also using the necessary technologies

Others...

......

Project planning and management

Respect for the natural environment

sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Adaptation to new situations

Decision making Autonomous work

Teamwork

Generating new research ideas

Respect for the natural environment

Exercise criticism and self-criticism

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

#### 3. SYLLABUS

## 1. • Mechanization of Agriculture

Advantages, disadvantages, problems, stages of agricultural mechanization, standardization and importance of

• The agricultural tractor and its use

Types, features, comparison

• The internal combustion engine (Part I)

Operating principle and features

• The Internal Combustion Engine (Part II)

Systems: cooling, lubrication, fuel transfer, electrical

• Agricultural tractor systems

Mechanical transmission, hydraulic system, power take-off, steering system, braking system

Soil cultivation machinery

Importance of tillage, effect on physical and other soil properties, tillage systems. Primary and secondary processing machinery. Exercises.

• Machines for preparing the sporoclin

Installation of plantations. Methods and their use, sowing, sowing of grains and small seeds. Seedlings of carving crops, planting and transplanting. Exercises

Cultivation machinery

Fertilizer spreaders, carving plants. Exercises

Plant protection machinery

High pressure spraying machines, mist sprayers, sprayers. Exercises

Harvesting machines

Combine harvesters, cotton pickers, beet harvesters, potato harvesters, fruit pickers

• Machinery for forage plants

Grass cutters, grass handlers, grass tyers, stem compactors, silage cutting machines

Cost of using and replacing agricultural machinery

Calculation of fixed and variable costs, Accumulated cost, Method of partial calculation. Exercises

• Power of agricultural tractors and selection of attachments

Calculation of the required power and the size of the attached machinery. Exercises

The laboratory exercises aim to deepen and familiarize the students with the concepts and methodologies analyzed in the theoretical part.

#### 4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

# DELIVERY

Face to face deliveries.

Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.

TEACHING METHODS

Use of ICT (power point) in Teaching

## **USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY**

Use of ICT (power point) in Laboratory Training

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,

- Video presentation
- Use of ICT in Communication with students (Learning process support through the electronic platform e-class).
- communication with students

TEACHING METHODS
The manner and methods of
teaching are described in
detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory
practice, fieldwork, study and
analysis of bibliography,
tutorials, placements, clinical
practice, art workshop,
interactive teaching,
educational
visits, project, essay writing,
artistic creativity,
etc.
The student's study hours for

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Tutorials	26
Study and literature survey	20
Exams	10
Unguided study	30
Course total	125

each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS** 

# STUDENT PERFORMANCE **EVALUATION**

Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are

1. The main assessment criteria focus on understanding and correlating the knowledge that students gain from the course with knowledge from other courses.

The evaluation is continuous and dynamic. It mainly includes short project work, solving problems or answering open questions. Exams are conducted orally or in writing or a combination of the two, with or without pre-examination of the key topics of the course, with or without progressions and by other inventive methods, depending on the dynamics and the needs of the audience

given, and if and where they
accessible to
tudents.
1

# 5. RECOMMENDED LITERATURE in Greek

. Τσατσαρέλης, Κ., " Γεωργικοί Ελκυστήρες", 2η έκδοση, Εκδόσεις Γιαχούδη, Θεσσαλονίκη, 2011

Κωδικός Βιβλίου στον Εύδοξο: 12833463

2. Τσατσαρέλης, Κ., "Αρχές Μηχανικής Κατεργασίας του Εδάφους και Σπορά", Εκδόσεις Γιαχούδη, Θεσσαλονίκη, 2000

Κωδικός Βιβλίου στον Εύδοξο: 7972