# **COURSE OUTLINE**

### 1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Agricultural Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	CROP SCIENCE			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	CRS_204	SEMESTER 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
COURSE TITLE	Physics			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g.			WEEKLY	
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the			TEACHING CREDITS	
whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total			HOURS	
credits	0.00.00			
Lectures			3	
Tutorials			0	
Laboratory			2	
TOTAL			5	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching				
methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Background			
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development	There are no prorequisite courses. Knowledge of High			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses. Knowledge of High School Physics and Mathematics is required			
LANGUAGE OF INICEPLICATION				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GreekFor Erasmus students in English			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes. Project work			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

# (1) LEARNING OUTCOMES

### **Learning outcomes**

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

#### Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications
   Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The material of the Physics course is a background object for the students of the Department of Biosystems Science and Agricultural Engineering, which aims to introduce them to the concepts and methods used to represent and study the various phenomena of the natural world. This knowledge is necessary because it is used to understand complex phenomena related to the field of Biosystems Science and Agricultural Engineering.

The aim of the course is to give the student the knowledge mainly of Engineering and Electromagnetism which are necessary and used in many subsequent courses

# **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Team work Criticism and self-criticism

Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment ......

Production of new research ideas Oth

At the end of the course the student will have acquired the ability to understand and interpret the meaning of basic phenomena that govern physical processes and are expressed quantitatively using mathematics. Additional goal is to be able to:

1. Autonomous Work

- 2. Teamwork
- 3. Decision Making
- 4. Work in an interdisciplinary environment

# (2) SYLLABUS

- 1. Physical Quantities, Units, Mathematics with Applications in Physics (basic principles of vector and differential calculus)
- 2. Linear and curvilinear motions of a particle (kinematic study in mono-, bi-, and three-dimensional space)
- 3. Periodic particle motions: Smooth circular motion, Simple harmonic oscillation
- 4. Newton's laws of particle motion.
- 5. Momentum, impulse and impact between particles. Momentum Theorem, Principle of conservation of momentum
- 6. Work of Power and Energy. Energy conservation principle
- 6. Conservative and non-conservative forces. Gravity
- 7. Solid state mechanics (kinematic, dynamic and energy study, Principles of energy conservation and rotation in rotational motion)
- 8. Wave (mechanical waves, traveling and standing waves, mechanical wave contribution)
- 9. Fluid mechanics in equilibrium and motion (Equations of matter conservation, continuity, Bernoulli energy conservation and dynamic motion Navier Stokes)
- 10. Interactions in closed e-particle systems. Kinetic theory of gases (laws of gases, Statutory equation of ideal gases, Distribution of molecular velocities, Internal energy, Entropy, thermal expansion, phase change) 11. The thermodynamic system (Reversible changes, entropy, 1st and 2nd law of thermodynamics, molecular specific gas heats, thermal and refrigeration engines, The Carnot engine)
- 12. Interactions in open e-particle systems: Atmospheric physics (structure and composition of the atmosphere, vertical distribution of pressure and temperature, phase changes, meteorological indicators, climatology, adiabatic changes in atmospheric air).
- 13. Bioclimatic indicators of biosystems.

# LABORATORY EXERCISES

1. Theory of error analysis and measurement processing (distributions, mean value, measurement errors, value regressions, linear fitting to experimental points-line of least squares)

- 2. Principle of operation of measuring sensors and measuring instruments (sensor characteristics, precision classes, periodic waveforms, square pulses, sensitivity, structure of a measurement and recording system)
- 3. Measurement of distance (position), level and dimensions
- 4. Measurement of speed and acceleration
- 5. Measurement of force and torque
- 6. Hooke's law-Harmonic oscillation of a helical spring (Experimental verification of Hooke's law, determination of the constant k of the spring by measuring its period of harmonic oscillations and determination of the gravitational acceleration of the region)
- 7. Synthesis of harmonic oscillations (Study of the composition of harmonic oscillations of the same or perpendicular to each other direction investigation of the characteristics of the intersections and Lissajous shapes).
- 8. Fluid flow measurement
- 9. Contribution, wave superposition. Stationary mechanical and sound waves
- 10. Calculation of the Cp / Cv gas ratio
- 11. Study of isothermal change of ideal gas Otto Cycle
- 12. Meteorological measurement systems: P, T, wind speed and direction, humidity, sunshine.
- 12. Processing and management of meteorological measurements.

# (3) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

#### **DELIVERY** Teaching in the amphitheater: Lectures using electronic Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. media which relate to the theory, exercises and applications in the area of Biosystems and Agricultural Engineering. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of ICT (power point) in Teaching COMMUNICATIONS • Use of ICT (power point) in Laboratory Training **TECHNOLOGY** • Use of ICT in Communication with students (Learning Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, process support through the electronic platform e-class). communication with students **TEACHING METHODS Activity** Semester workload The manner and methods of teaching are Lectures 39 described in detail. 26 Laboratory Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, Laboratory reports work 13 fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, 44 Unguided study tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational Final Exams 3 visits, project, essay writing, artistic 125 Course total creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of nondirected study according to the principles of the ECTS STUDENT PERFORMANCE

# **EVALUATION**

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report,

- 1. The laboratories participate by 30% in the final grade. In order to be examined in theory, the student must have completed all the laboratories and have been successfully examined in them.
- 2. The main assessment criteria focus on understanding and correlating the knowledge that students gain from

oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

the course with other knowledge. Weight is given to the demonstration of critical ability and the justification of the choices they make in each problem.

- 3. Evaluation is dynamic. It mainly involves problem solving. is done orally or in writing or with a combination of the two, with or without pre-examination on the basic principles of the course, with or without exculpatory advances and with other test or inventive methods, depending on the composition of the dynamics and the needs of the audience.
- 4. The above are done in the Greek language. For foreign language students (eg Erasmus students) conducted in English

# (4) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- ΚΙΒΒLE, Τ.W.B. & amp; BERKSHIRE, F.H., ΚΛΑΣΙΚΗ ΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΗ, Έκδοση:  $1\eta/2012$ ,  $1\Delta$ PYMA ΤΕΧΝΟΛΟΓΙΑΣ & ΕΡΕΥΝΑΣ-ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΑΚΕΣ ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ, ISBN: 978-960-524-378-4 (Κωδικός Βιβλίου στον Εύδοξο: 22695091)
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