COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL

I. GENERAL					
SCHOOL	AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	AGRICULTURE				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	AGRI 106	SEMESTER 1st			
COURSE TITLE	AGRICULTURE: HISTORY AND INTRODUCTION				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
	lectures		3		
TOTAL			3		2
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				_	
GOURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	GENERAL BA	CKGROUND		·	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Typically, there are not prerequisite course.				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

 $The \ course \ learning \ outcomes, specific \ knowledge, skills \ and \ competences \ of \ an \ appropriate \ level, which \ the \ students \ will \ acquire \ with \ the \ successful \ completion \ of \ the \ course \ are \ described.$

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The student, at the end of this course:

- has basic knowledge about the history and evolution of agriculture from the Neolithic to the modern era
- understands the need for the proper use of science and the environment
- develops relevant considerations concerning his future professional perspective and ethics

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to

gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others..

At the end of this course, the student will have developed the following skills (general abilities):

- 1. Ability to understand the historical development of agriculture and its connection with human societies.
- 2. Ability to understand the importance of scientific achievements.
- 3. Ability to understand the necessary conditions as well as the perspectives of practicing the profession of agronomist.

Generally, by the end of this course the student will have developed the following general abilities (from the list above):

Working independently

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Criticism and self-criticism

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

3. SYLLABUS

- 1. Introduction to the history and development of agriculture.
- 2. Agriculture during the Neolithic era.
- 3. Agricultural cultivation systems during antiquity.
- 4. Agriculture during the Middle Ages.
- 5. Agriculture in recent years.
- 6. The use of modern cultivation methods in agriculture.
- 7. Agricultural crisis and general crisis.
- 8. Agricultural cooperatives.
- 9. Agriculture in Greece.
- 10. The agricultural sector in the European Union.
- 11. Food production in the 21st century.
- 12. Professional skills of agricultural workers.
- 13. Professional prospects in Agriculture.

Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION DELIVERY

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) (e.g. powerpoint) in teaching. Use of ICTs in student communication (learning support through the e-class platform). 			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures (3 conduct hours per week x 13 weeks) Assignments	39 11		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Hours for private study of the student and preparation for mid-term or/and final examination –			

Face-to-face lectures.

The student's study hours for each learning	Participation in the examinations		
activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Course total	50 hours	
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	1. Minimum passing grade	e: 5. Resulting from the student's	
EVALUATION	assignment.		
Description of the evaluation procedure	2. All the above are taking p	olace in Greek.	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Μαζουαγιέ και Ρουντάρ, Ιστορία των γεωργιών του κόσμου, Εκδόσεις ΕΞΑΝΤΑΣ.
- 2. Γ. Κιούσης, Εισαγωγή στη Γεωπονική Επιστήμη, Εκδόσεις ΕΜΒΡΥΟ.