Course OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Agricultural Sciences					
ACADEMIC UNIT	AGRICULTURE					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate					
COURSE CODE	AGRI_EX25	SEMESTER 7 th or 9 th			th	
COURSE TITLE	Apiculture					
INDEPENDE	NT TEACHING AC					
if credits are awarded for sep	arate componer	nts of the	WEEKLY			
course, e.g. lectures, laboro	atory exercises, e	etc. If the	TEACHING		CREDITS	
credits are awarded for the who	le of the course, give the HOURS					
weekly teaching h	weekly teaching hours and the total credits					
		Lectures	2			
Tutorials			0			
Laboratory			2			
TOTAL			4		5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and						
the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE	Specialised general knowledge,					
general background,	Skills Development					
special background,						
specialised general						
knowledge, skills						
development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses.					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GreekFor Erasmus students in English					
and						
EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes					
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.upatras.gr/courses/					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims at acquiring knowledge about bee society. The structure, communication and management of a superorganism 20,000 individuals of society (workers, drones, queen), averaging a bee society, was also an element that impressed the people, from the philosopher Aristotle to modern man.

Participation in the lectures is expected to enhance students 'ability to recognize bees' diseases and enemies in order to achieve timely and effective treatment. At the same time, they will be able to combine knowledge about the right manipulations every month to achieve the survival of bees and their performance in products (honey, pollen, propolis, wax, Royal Jelly). The aim of the course is to appreciate the huge offer of bees in nature as plant pollinators.

By using modern pedagogical methods and practical participation of students in laboratory classes, they will be able to plan and perform apicultural work, recognize beekeeping plants and cultivate the ability of students to combine knowledge that will help improve the quality of bees and their products.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management

and Respect for difference and multiculturalism

information, with the use of the necessary Respect for the natural environment

technology Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Adapting to new situations sensitivity to gender issues

Decision-making Criticism and self-criticism

Working independently Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Team work

Working in an international environment Others...

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

• The course aims at completing the students' ability to relate the knowledge of specific beekeeping issues and their exploitation to the wider field of their studies in Department of Agriculture Technology. In addition, they demonstrate an understanding of the methodologies that are appropriate for the rational management of bees.

The course aims at acquiring the following skills:

- Respect for honey bees and their natural environment
- Monitoring of developments in international research
- Bee management decisions
- Time management and job division in the apiary
- Search, analyze and link data and information, using modern technologies
- Critical evaluation of information
- Production of new research ideas
- Promoting free, creative and constructive thinking
- Autonomous work or teamwork at the level of potential future employment.

(3) SYLLABUS

- I. Apiculture: Generally about apiculture in Greece and in the world.
- II. Morphology of the honey bees.
- III. Anatomy of the honey bees.
- IV. Honey bees communication and behavior chemical stimuli.
- V. The defensive system of the honey bee. Precautions during the inspection
- VI. Transport of bees and installation of apiculture. Legislation.
- VII. Beekeeper's equipment and the nutrition of the honey bees
- VIII. Queen rearing methods.
- IX. Diseases of brood and bees.
- X. Enemies of bees. Bee poisoning from pesticides.
- XI. Beekeeper treatment of Autumn and Winter
- XII. Beekeeper treatment of Spring and Summer
- XIII. Honey, Royal jelly and other products.
- XIV. Wild Bees as pollinators of nature

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face to face deliveries.

Face-to-face, Distance learning,

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

- Use of ICT (power point) in Teaching
- Use of ICT (power point) in Laboratory Training
- Video presentation
- Use of ICT in Communication with students (Learning process support through the electronic platform e-class).

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures and laboratory	52
Homework and literature survey	48
Unguided study	25
Course total	125

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

1. The main assessment criteria focus on understanding and correlating the knowledge that students gain from the course with knowledge from other courses.

The evaluation is continuous and dynamic. It mainly includes short project work, solving problems or answering open questions. Exams are conducted orally or in writing or a combination of the two, with or without pre-examination of the key topics of the course, with or without progressions and by other inventive methods, depending on the dynamics and the needs of the audience

(5) RECOMMENDED LITERATURE in Greek

- Recommended references:
- 1. Thrasyvoulou A. Th. (2012). Practical Beekeeping. Publisher: Eirini Pappas.
- 2. Ifantidis M. D. (2005). Modern Beekeeping as a Science and Act. Publishing: Apiarian inspection
- 3. Harizanis, P.C. (2017). THE HONEY BEE AND THE BEEKEEPING TECHNIQUES. Publisher: Eirini Pappas.
- 4. Queen Bee: Biology, Rearing and Breeding by David R. Woodward

-Related scientific journals:

- 1. Μελισσοκομική Επιθεώρηση
- 2. Μελισσοκομική Βήμα
- 3. Γεωτεχνικά Επιστημονικά Θέματα
- 4. Apidologie- https://www.apidologie.org/
- 5. Journal of Apicultural Research- https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/tjar20/current
- 6. Annual Review of Entomology- https://www.annualreviews.org/loi/ento
- 7. Plos- https://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/
- 8. Bee world- https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/tbee20/current
- 9. Journal of Apicultural Science- http://esjas.inhort.pl/jas/journal/about/Scientific Journals